

Roll No.

EB-100

B. E. (First Semester) (CGPA)
EXAMINATION, 2011-12

(Civil Engg. Branch)

FUNDAMENTALS OF COMPUTER PROGRAMMING

(CE--105)

*Time : Three Hours**Maximum Marks : 60*

Note : Attempt all questions.

1. Write short notes on the following : 2 each
- (a) Array of structures
 - (b) System software
 - (c) fgets and fputs
 - (d) recursion
 - (e) enumerated data type

Unit - I

2. (a) How are computers classified based on their size and functionality ? 5
- (b) Explain the general organization of computer with the help of a neat diagram. 5

P. T. O.

Or

- (a) Describe the different generation of computers stating disadvantages of each. 5
- (b) Classify the different types of memory associated with a computer. 5

Unit - II

- 3. (a) List the various services offered by operating systems. 5
- (b) Explain the use of the following UNIX commands :
tty, wc, pad, cd, mkdir. 5

Or

- (a) Describe the characteristics of UNIX operating system. 5
- (b) Explain the different modes in which vi editor works. 5

Unit - III

- 4. (a) Design an algorithm to generate all the primes in the first n positive integers. 5
- (b) What are the different data types available in C ? 5

Or

- (a) Write a program to find the sum of odd and even numbers between 1 and 100. 5
- (b) Describe the features of structured programming. 5

Unit - IV

- 5. (a) What are preprocessor directives ? Name the different categories of preprocessor directives. 5
- (b) Using recursion, write a C program to find the n th Fibonacci number. 5

[3]

Or

- (a) What is an array ? Differentiate between array and structures ? 5
- (b) What are the various parameter passing mechanisms ? Explain them briefly. 5

Unit -- V

6. A file of employees contains data (cno, name and salary) for each employee of a company. Write a program to do the following : 10
- (i) create the file
 - (ii) insertion in the file
 - (iii) deletion of a particular record from the file
 - (iv) modification to a particular record in the file

Or

- (a) Explain the following functions with a suitable example : 5
- (i) `fprintf()`
 - (ii) `fscanf()`
- (b) What is a Pointer and how it is initialised ? How does pointer help in dynamic memory allocation ? 5